# **SUB CLOVER**

# Tammin

# Tammin is a more persistent and resilient early flowering subterraneum clover(ssp. subterraneum).

### **HIGH HARD SEED LEVELS**

Tammin was developed for cropping rotations in low-medium rainfall (300-450 mm annual average rainfall) areas with the novel traits of RLEM cotyledon resistance and much higher hardseededness than other cultivars.

Tammin also has a much slower breakdown of hard seed in the autumn making it able to handle false breaks. It will still have 15% hard seed after 3 years, improving its ability to recover in short cropping phase rotations.

# Suited to All Livestock Types, Silage and Hay

#### FORAGE EBV'S COMPARED TO INDUSTRY STANDARDS\*

FEATURES	
LAIONLO	

Early flowering

Delayed hard seed breakdown

High hard seed levels

Redlegged earthmite resistance

# BENEFITS

- · High forage yields in lower rainfall environments
- Provides quick feed in autumn and winter
- Will re-seed in early season finishes
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Protects against seedling losses with false breaks
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Will maintain better persistence and yield over time
- Less seed lost due to out of season rainfall
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Some seed will survive after 3 year cropping phase

#### SOWING RATES

Sole species	5–10kg/ha
Pasture mixes	2–5kg/ha

# RAINFALL

300-400



Australian Release >2017



VARIETY	AUTUMN Yield %	WINTER YIELD %	SPRING Yield %	RLEM Damage# %	SEED YIELD %	HARD SEEDEDNESS %	DAYS TO Flowering Perth
Terrente	107	100	117	0	100	E1	
Tammin	107	102	117	6	100	51	88
Nungarin	100	85	82	33	110	24	77
Izmir	102	88	96	28	112	24	80
Geraldton	87	72	72	41	86	21	88
Losa	103	80	105	28	93	9	95
Dalkeith	100	100	100	39	100	16	96
Urana	104	78	106	25	89	21	105

\*Forage and seed yields are relative to control variety Dalkeith = 100 \* susceptibility values based on 0 = very resistant, 10 = very susceptible. # impact is % cotyledon damage to germinating plants. All data is based on trials at Cunderdin and Katanning WA and Eurongilly NSW

